

Physiological Measurements Ltd. UNDERSTAND INNOVATE DELIVER





# **Referrer Information Pack** Physiological Measurements Ltd.

**Providing Services on Behalf of the NHS** 

## **The Service**

Following a rigorous application process, PML were accredited to provide Community Cardiac Direct Access Diagnostics services in the Redbridge CCG, which aims to transform local services to provide patients access to greater choice of services, whilst assuring quality.

## **Acceptance Criteria**

This Service is for adults aged 18 years of age and above.

## **Exclusion Criteria**

The following groups are excluded from the provision of this service:

- Suspected Myocardial Infarction
- Chest Pain requiring urgent assessment
- · Evidence of life threatening arrhythmia
- · Acute left ventricular failure
- Acute loss of consciousness with evidence of cardiac heart block
- Paediatric cardiology referrals (unless transition from paediatric to adult services)
- · Any other cardiological emergencies
- Children under the age of 18

## **How To Refer**

The Referral Form provided with this Information Pack should be completed for each patient.

Electronic versions of the referral form can be found in the clinic finder section of our website www.physiologicalmeasurements.com/clinicfinder.

Simply type in your surgery postcode and the Redbridge clinics will appear with a link to the referral form. Or please call the Patient Management Centre on 01681 676496

Please Note: electronic results are returned to nhs.net addresses only. Please make sure you supply a current nhs.net email address for return of the results on the referral form.

Our Patient Management Centre manages all referrals to this service.

Referrals can be accepted to our Patient Management Centre Via:

- E-referral
- Secure Email
- Fax
- Post

### The following contact details should be used:

The Diagnostics Patient Management Centre The Old Malt House, Willow Street, Oswestry, Shropshire SY11 1AJ

T – 01691 676 496 F – 01691 676 016 E – referrals.pml@nhs.net

## **Red, Amber & Green Reporting**

All Echocardiogram Reports are graded in accordance with our Red, Amber and Green (RAGs) reporting guidelines. Below is a sample of our RAGS which extends to many pages (Available upon request). These will be further refined in with local clinicians and to reflect the local pathways.

## 12 Lead ECG

Abnormality		Comment/Advice
1.	1-2mm ST segment deviation in 2 concordant leads with current or recent chest pain	Recommend urgent A&E assessment
2.	Ventricular standstill >2 sec	Recommend urgent A&E assessment
3.	Complete or Type II 2nd degree heart block with recent collapse (within the last 48 hours)	Recommend urgent A&E assessment
4.	Any broad complex tachycardia >120 beats per min	Seek urgent cardiology advice
5.	Any tachyarrhythmia ≥ 150 beats per min	Seek urgent cardiology advice
6.	AF or flutter with clear onset <48 hours ago	Seek urgent cardiology advice

Abnormality	Comment/Advice	
7. VT salvo (more than 5 beats)	Urgent echo and same day cardiology advice	
<ol> <li>Asymptomatic complete or Type II 2nd degree heart block or symptoms &gt;48 hours previous</li> </ol>	Seek same day cardiology advice	
<ol> <li>Frequent (&gt;10/min) ventricular ectopy esp. couplets or triplets or bigemini</li> </ol>	Seek same day cardiology advice	
10. Sinus pauses ≥3 seconds	Seek same day cardiology advice	
11. Long QT with symptoms of collapse or palpitations	Seek same day cardiology advice	
12. AF or flutter <150 beats per min. with onset >48 hours ago	Treat as per AF/flutter guidance and refer for consideration of DCCV	
13. WPW with history of palpitations	Refer for cardiology opinion	
14. Asymptomatic long QT 15. Prominent 'U' waves seen	Refer for cardiology opinion	
	Consider reviewing TFT and electrolytes	

## **Holter ECG**

Abnormality	Comment/Advice	
<ol> <li>Ventricular standstill &gt;3 sec and symptomatic</li> </ol>	Recommend urgent A&E assessment	
<ol> <li>Sustained broad complex tachycardia</li> <li>&gt;120 beats per min</li> </ol>	Recommend urgent A&E assessment	
<ol> <li>Any tachyarrhythmia ≥ 150 beats per min</li> </ol>	Seek urgent cardiology advice	
<ol> <li>Complete or Type II 2nd degree heart block with recent collapse (within the last 48 hours)</li> </ol>	Seek urgent cardiology advice re: permanent pacing	
5. Ventricular standstill >3 sec and asymptomatic	Results to GP practice, same day as analysis performed	
<ol> <li>Asymptomatic complete or Type II 2nd degree heart block or with symptoms more than 48 hours previous</li> </ol>	Results to GP practice, same day as analysis performed	
<ol> <li>VT salvos (&gt;5 beats) or non- sustained broad complex tachycardia</li> </ol>	Results to GP practice, same day as analysis performed	
8. Frequent (>6/min) ventricular ectopy esp. couplets or triplets	Results to GP practice, same day as analysis performed	
9. Daytime pauses ≥3 seconds	Results to GP practice, same day as analysis performed	
10. Long QT with symptoms of collapse or palpitations	Results to GP practice, same day as analysis performed	

Abnormality	Comment/Advice	
11. Sustained AF or atrial flutter	Treat as per AF/atrial flutter guidance,consider anticoagulation and clinical review	
12. Paroxysmal AF or atrial flutter		
	Treat as per AF/atrial flutter guidance. Consider anticoagulation and clinical	
<ol> <li>Sick sinus syndrome or tachy- brady syndrome</li> </ol>	review	
14. WPW with history of palpitations	Refer for cardiology opinion	
15. Asymptomatic long QT	Refer for cardiology opinion	
16. Occasional ventricular ectopics or any atrial ectopics	Refer for cardiology opinion	
	Assess and review any	
17. Asymptomatic Type I 2nd degree heart block	Cardiovascular lifestyle factors	
	Early but benign conduction disease; exclude possible exacerbating factors e.g. medication, hypothyroidism. Repeat in 12 months	

# Echocardiogram

Abnormality			Comment/Advice	
1.	Pericardial effusion v	with depth>2cm	Seek urgent cardiology advice	
2.	2. Intracardiac mass or vegetations		Seek urgent cardiology advice	
3.	<ul> <li>Critical aortic stenosis (estimated valve area &lt;0.9cm2 or peak aortic velocity ≥ 4m/s) with recent symptoms of chest pain, exertional dizziness or collapse</li> </ul>		Seek same day cardiology advice	
4.	Any significant valvular abnormality associated with overt heart failure symptoms or signs		Seek same day cardiology advice	
5.	Significant LV impairment with overt heart failure symptoms or signs		Seek same day cardiology advice	
6.	Any moderate to severe valvular disease		See 'Actions for all identified valve disease'. Refer for cardiology opinion. Echo repeat likely 6-12 monthly.	
7.	Significant systolic LV (EF<40%) Normal LVSF	/ impairment > 55%	Clear LV systolic dysfunction; treat as heart failure and B Blocker indicated. Refer for Cardiology or HF nurse	
	Mild LVSD	45-54%	appointment.	
	Moderate LVSD	36 to 44%	Commence heart failure	
	Severe LVSD		therapy and consider referral	
8.	Mild to moderate sys impairment (EF 36-5		to cardiologist/GPwSI-led community heart failure programme	

### Abnormality

### **Comment/Advice**

 Mild to moderate systolic LV impairment (EF 36-54%) See 'Actions for all identified valve disease'. If asymptomaticrepeat echo in 3 years

#### Overt heart failure symptoms

- unable to lie flat (orthopnoea)
- walking with acute SOB at night (PND)

#### Overt heart failure signs

- mid zone pulmonary crackles
- gross pitting oedema above the knees

#### Actions for all identified valve disease

- Assess or review CV risk factors
- Institute appropriate lifestyle changes especially smoking cessation
- Initiate/optimise BP, lipid and glucose controls
- · Give IE antibiotic prophylaxis advice with appropriate BHF patient-held card

#### Indicators of severe value disease

#### Aortic stenosis

- Peak aortic jet velocity ≥4m/s
- Estimated AV area ≤0.9cm<sup>2</sup>
- Presence of significant LVH >1.5cm

#### Aortic regurgitation

- Regurgitant jet width >0.6cm
- Pressue half-time or AR flow
- <300ms
- Presence of distolic aortic flow reversal
- LV end distolic diameter ≥7cm
- LV end systolic diameter ≥5cm
- Ascending aorta diameter >5.5cm

Mitral stenosis

- Pressure half-time of mitral inflow >220ms
- Estimated MV area <1cm<sup>2</sup>
- End diastolic pressue gradient >10mmHg
- Mean pressure gradient > 12mmHg

#### Mitral regurgitation

- LV end systolic diameter ≥4.5cm
- LV ejection fraction <60%
- Pulmonary hypertension >45-55mmHg

## 24 hour BP monitoring

Ambulatory daytime mean BP is approximately 10/5 mmHg lower than surgery or clinic readings with home readings somewhere in between (approx 5/3 lower than clinic readings).

ABPM	Clinic or surgery	Comment/Ad-
daytime mean	equivalent	vice
<ol> <li>&gt;200/115 with</li></ol>	>210/120 (V. severe)	Recommend
signs of malignant	with signs of malignant	urgent A&E
hypertension.	hypertension.	assessment
2. >200/115	>210/120 (V. severe)	Contact GP same day with results

## **PML Directory/Contact List**

### PML HQ Address;

Physiological Measurements Ltd The Old Malt House, Willow Street, Oswestry, Shropshire SY11 1AJ T - 01691 676 496 (option1) F - 01691 676 016 E - info@pml.tel

### **Enquiries about Contract/Service**

Cardiology Manager – Andrew Honeyman T – 01691 676 496 E – a.honeyman@pml.tel

### **Referral/Appointments/Results Enquiries**

Patient Manangement Centre Manager T - 01691 678 041 E – pml@nhs.net

### **PMC Administrative Team**

E (Appointments) – pml@nhs.net E(Reports/Results) – results.pml@nhs.net OR referrals.pml@nhs.net T - 01691 676 496 (Option 1)

### **Patient Information**

All Diagnostic tests performed are non-invasive and both safe & painless.

#### Chaperones

The Patients appointment or Test may be performed by a male member of staff. They are welcome to bring a friend or relative to attend the Appointment. If a friend or relative is unable to attend we are able to provide a chaperone to be present during the examination if they wish. The Patient will need to contact the PMC prior to their appointment if they would like us to provide a chaperone.

# Are there any special precautions that the Patient needs to take before the test?

No. The patient can take their medication as normal. They can also eat and drink as normal.

### At the end of the Patients test

Once the test is complete the Patient can get dressed and leave. There are no limitations to what you can do after the scan, for example they may drive. A copy of the test report will be sent back to the GP.

### **Our Clinics**

Southdene Surgery, The Shrubberies, George Lane, South Woodford, London, E18 1BD Bus: No. 179, W12 OR W13 Nearest Station: South Woodford

Granville Medical Centre, 4 Granville Road, Ilford, Essex, IG1 4JY Bus: No. 364/No. 366 Or No. 150 Nearest Station: Ilford Station

#### Aldersbrook Medical Centre,

65 Aldersbrook Road, Manor Park, London, E12 5DL Bus: W19 OR No. 101 Nearest Station: Manor Park Station

The Palms Medical Centre,

97-101 Netley Road, Newbury Park, Ilford, Essex, IG2 7NW **Bus:** No. 66 **Nearest Station:** Newbury Park

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